# **Chapter 6 Review Exercises**

Fill in each blank with word that correctly completes the sentence.  $3^5$  is called the exponential form, and  $3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$  is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_ form. (6.1) 1. The negative in the exponent of  $x^{-n}$  means the \_\_\_\_\_ of  $x^n$ . (6.2) 2. In scientific notation, the number multiplied by the power of 10 is called the 3. . (6.3) In the algebraic expression  $4x^2 - 6x + 3$ , 3 is called the \_\_\_\_\_. (6.4) 4. The number of variable factors in a term is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the term. (6.4) 5. The first term of a polynomial in descending order is called the of the 6. polynomial. (6.4) The initial product of a binomial and a trinomial has \_\_\_\_\_ (how many) terms. (6.6) 7. Two binomials with the same first term but opposite second terms, such as (2x + 5) and (2x - 5), 8. are a pair of \_\_\_\_\_\_. (6.7) Section 6.1 Evaluate. 9. 43  $(-3)^{1}$ 10.  $(-2)^4$ 11. 12.  $(-8)^{0}$ Simplify each.

13.	$v^{3} \cdot v^{6}$	14.	$k^5 \cdot k^0$	15.	$x \cdot x^4$	16.	$y^3 \cdot y^4 \cdot y^2$
17.	$\frac{w^8}{w^2}$	18.	$\frac{k^9}{k^3}$	19.	$\frac{y^8}{y}$	20.	$\frac{w^5}{w^0}$

Use the Distributive Properties for Exponents to rewrite each of these. Simplify if possible.

**23.**  $\left(\frac{h}{k}\right)^{6}$ **24.**  $\left(\frac{-9x}{2y}\right)^2$  $(-7r)^{0}$ 21.  $(ab)^5$ 22.

Use the Power Rule to rewrite each of these. Simplify if possible.

**26.**  $(2w^4v^2)^3$  **27.**  $\left(\frac{x}{v^4}\right)^6$ **28.**  $\left(\frac{-7}{v^5}\right)^2$  $(v^5)^2$ 25.

## Section 6.2

Write each expression with a positive exponent. Evaluate wherever possible.

29.	10-4	30.	<i>p</i> -7	31.	$\left(\frac{8}{9}\right)^{-2}$	32.	$\left(\frac{2x}{y}\right)^{-3}$	
Simp	Simplify each expression. Write each result with positive exponents only.							
33.	$x^{-2} \cdot x^8$	34.	y-4 • y <sup>3</sup>	35.	$x^{-3} \cdot x^{-1}$	36.	$\frac{r^4}{r^{-1}}$	
37.	$\frac{y^{-9}}{y^{-6}}$	38.	$\frac{x^{-2}}{x^6}$	39.	$(m^{-2})^{5}$	40.	$(p^{-3})^{-1}$	
Sect	ion 6.3							
Writ	e each number in sc	ientific	notation.					
41.	53,000	42.	20,900,000	43.	0.00038	44.	0.00000406	
Expand each number to its natural form.								
45.	8.27 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	46.	2.305 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	47.	9.26 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	48.	1.014 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
Perform the indicated operation. Write each answer in scientific notation.								
49.	$(3.9 \times 10^5) \times (2.1)$	0 x 10 <sup>6</sup> )	)	50.	(6.4 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> ) x (4	l.5 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	3)	

= 1	$6.4 \times 10^{7}$	50	$1.1 \times 10^{-9}$
51.	$3.2 \times 10^2$	52.	$\overline{4.4 \times 10^{-6}}$

## Section 6.4

*Evaluate each polynomial with the given replacement value.* 

**53.**  $x^2 - 4x - 1$ , x = 3 **54.**  $2m^3 + 3m^2 - m$ , m = -1

Indicate the degree of each term.

**55.**  $-c^5$  **56.** 6w **57.**  $-2x^3y^4$  **58.** -7mp

Simplify each polynomial by combining like terms, if possible. Write all answers in descending order.

**59.**  $7w^3 - 15w^3$ **60.**  $9p^7 - p^2 - 3p^2$ **61.**  $2x - x^3 + 3x - 6x^3$ **62.**  $-3c^2 + c^2 + 2c + 7c^2 - 3c$ 

Kyle threw a rock upward over the ocean from a 400-foot cliff. The rock's height above the ground, in feet, at the t-second mark is given by  $h = 400 + 50t - 16t^2$ . Write a sentence answering each question.

63. How high above the ocean was the rock at the 1-second mark?

64. How high above the ocean was the rock at the 2-second mark?

#### Section 6.5

Distribute. Write each answer in descending order.

**65.**  $-1(-5v + 4v^2 - 1)$  **66.**  $-1(3n^2 - 9n - 7n^3)$ 

Perform the indicated operations. Simplify and write each answer in descending order.

67.	(3m - 9) + (4m + 2)	68.	$(x^2 + x - 3) + (-x + 5x^2 - 2)$
69.	(4 - 5v) - (v + 5)	70.	$(6y + 9y^2 - 3) - (9 - 5y - 2y^2)$

#### Section 6.6

Multiply.

**71.**  $(9n^2)(3n^3)$  **72.**  $(2x^3)(-x)$  **73.**  $(8a^4)^2$  **74.**  $(-3x^8)^2$ 

Multiply. Write each answer in descending order.

**75.**  $4n(3n^3 + 7)$ **76.**  $-c^2(c^3 - 7c)$ **77.**  $2m^2(4m^2 + m^3 + 8)$ **78.**  $-x^2(-x^2 - x + 10)$ 

Multiply and simplify. Write each answer in descending order.

**79.** (2m - 5)(3m - 9)**80.** (4 - 5x)(2x - 3)**81.**  $(x^2 - 2x + 4)(x + 2)$ **82.**  $(5m^2 - m + 1)(m^2 - 3m - 4)$ 

#### Section 6.7

Multiply. Write each answer in descending order and combine like terms.

83. (m + 5)(m + 3)84. (x + 5)(x - 6)85. (4w - 2)(4w + 1)86. (3x + 2)(x + 5)87. (x + 1)(x - 1)88. (4x - 9)(4x + 9)89.  $(w^3 - 5)(w^3 + 5)$ 90.  $(2x^2 - 1)(5x^2 - 4)$ 

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91.	$(m + 6)^2$	92.	$(w - 7)^2$
93.	$(3c + 4)^2$	94.	$(2w^3 - 1)^2$

The result of multiplying a pair of conjugates is shown. Fill in each set of parentheses with an appropriate binomial.

95.	(	)(	$) = x^2 - 64$	96.	(	)(	$) = m^2 - 121$
97.	(	)(	$) = 16m^2 - 9$	98.	(	)(	$) = 25u^2 - v^2$

# Section 6.8

Simplify each fraction.

**99.**  $\frac{28q^6}{4q^2}$  **100.**  $\frac{24v^7}{-8v}$  **101.**  $\frac{28w^8}{-7w^6}$  **102.**  $\frac{-14y^6}{-7y^6}$ 

Divide using distribution.

**103.** 
$$\frac{24w^8 - 3w^7}{3w^6}$$
 **104.**  $\frac{14y^5 - 21y^3 + 7y^2}{-7y^2}$ 

**105.** 
$$\frac{15y^5 - 10y^4 + 5y^3}{5y^3}$$
**106.** 
$$\frac{9x^8y^6 - 18x^6y + 36x^2y^2}{9x^2y}$$

Divide each using long division.

**107.** 
$$\frac{y^2 + 5y - 14}{y - 2}$$
  
**109.**  $(4x^3 - 26x^2 + 15x - 20) \div (x - 6)$ 

**111.** 
$$(8w - 5 + 6w^2) \div (w + 2)$$

**113.**  $(2y^3 - 9y^2 + 9) \div (y - 4)$ 

**109.** 
$$(x^3 + 3x^2 - 12x - 7) \div (x + 5)$$
  
**110.**  $(8y^3 + 14y^2 + 5y + 3) \div (2y + 3)$   
**112.**  $(4 - 6x^2 + x^3 + 12x) \div (x - 1)$   
**114.**  $(w^3 - 8) \div (w - 2)$