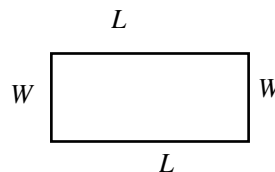


Rectangle:

Perimeter = Length + Length + Width + Width

or, Perimeter = $2 \cdot \text{Length} + 2 \cdot \text{Width}$

$$P = 2L + 2W$$



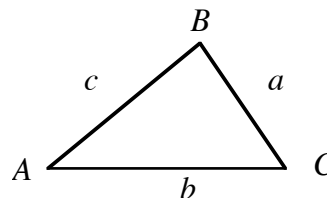
Area = Length \cdot Width

$$A = L \cdot W$$

Triangle:

Perimeter = Side₁ + Side₂ + Side₃

$$P = a + b + c$$



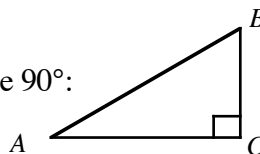
Side lengths are a , b , and c .

Angle measures are A , B , and C .

Angles in a triangle add to 180° :

$$A + B + C = 180^\circ$$

In a right triangle, the right angle is known to be 90° :



$$A + B + \underline{90^\circ} = 180^\circ$$

Note: For the formula $A + B + C = 180^\circ$, it is common to exclude the degree symbol when solving an equation: $A + B + C = 180$.

Think About It 1

Why is the formula for the perimeter of a rectangle $P = 2W + 2L$ instead of just $P = W + L$?