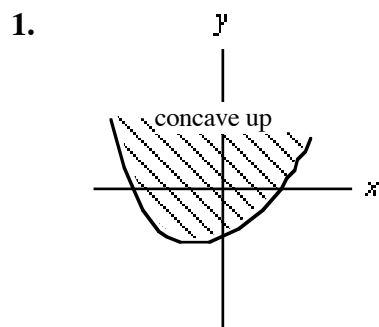
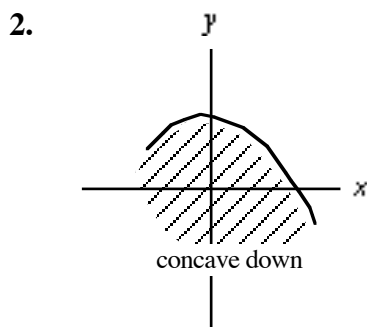


Chapter 4 Focus Exercise Answers

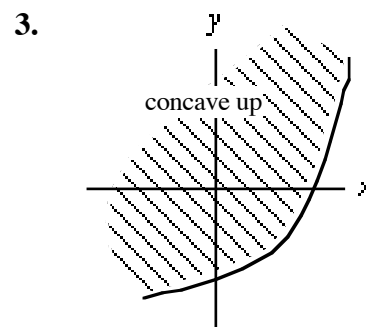
Sec. 4.1 Introduction to Graphing



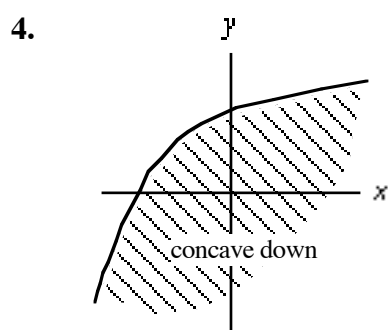
Both increasing and decreasing.



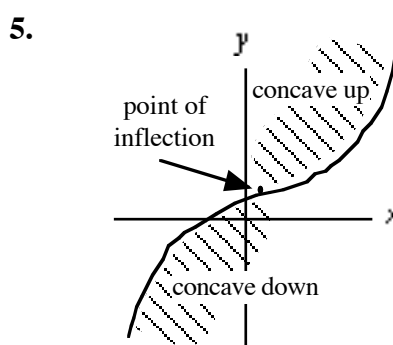
Both increasing and decreasing.



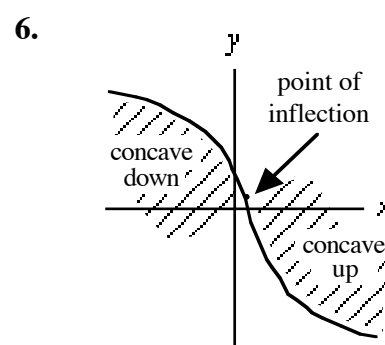
Increasing only.



Increasing only.



Increasing only.



decreasing only.

7. a) Shifts up 6;
b) is narrower than the standard graph

8. a) Shifts down 5;
b) is wider than the standard graph

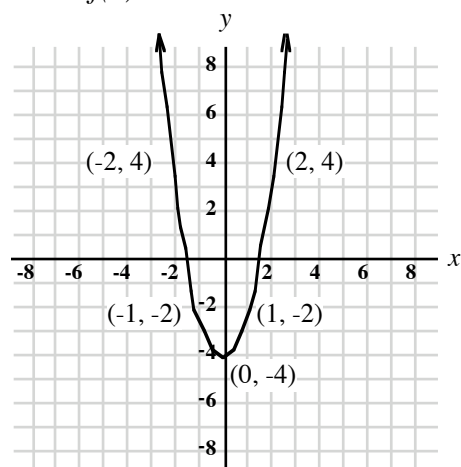
9. a) Shifts right 9;
b) is standard and reflected

10. a) Shifts left 4;
b) is narrower than the standard graph

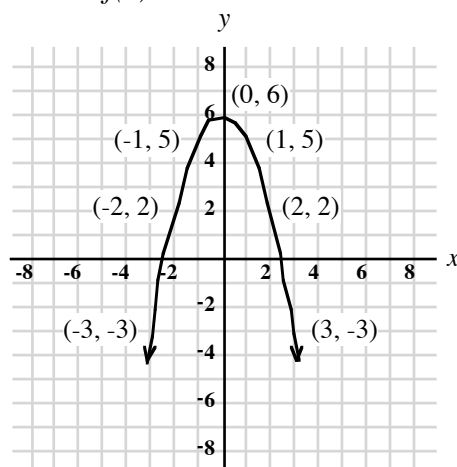
11. a) Shifts left 2 and down 1;
b) is standard

12. a) Shifts right 7 and up 3;
b) is standard and reflected

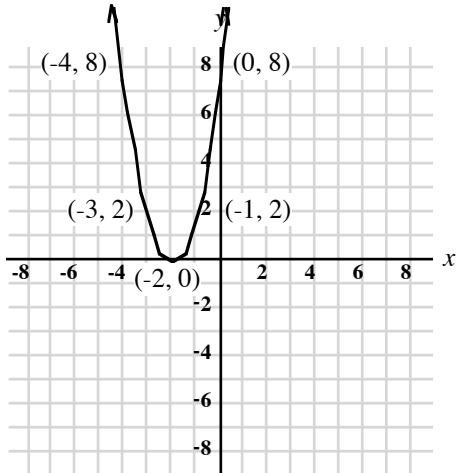
13. $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4$



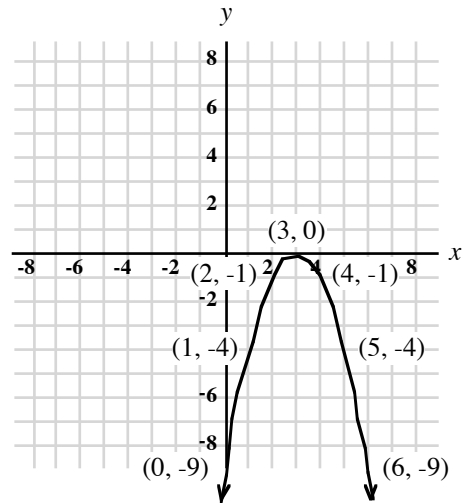
14. $f(x) = -x^2 + 6$



15. $f(x) = 2(x + 2)^2$

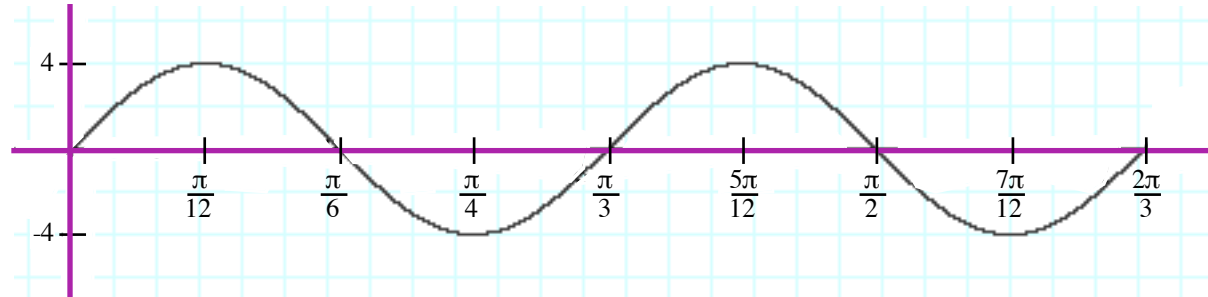


16. $f(x) = -(x - 3)^2$

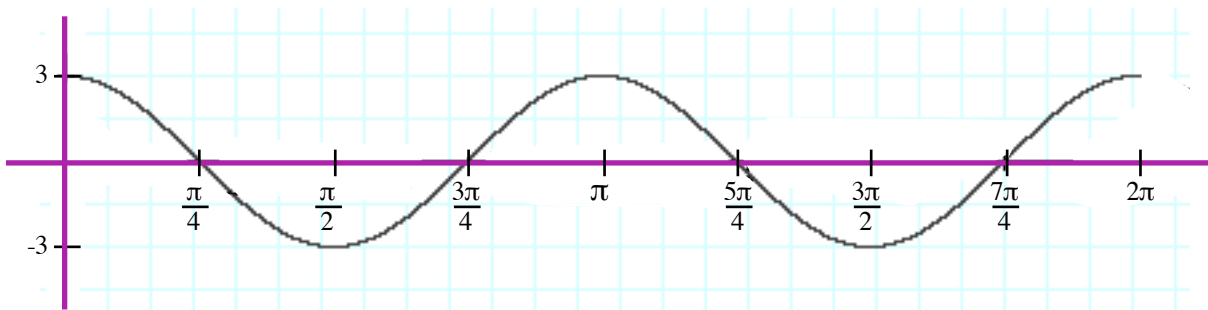


Section 4.2 Graphing the Sine and Cosine Functions

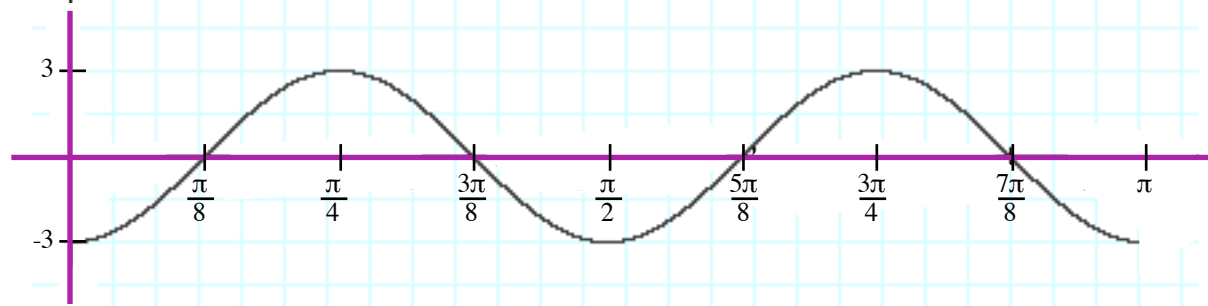
1. $f(x) = 4\sin(6x)$



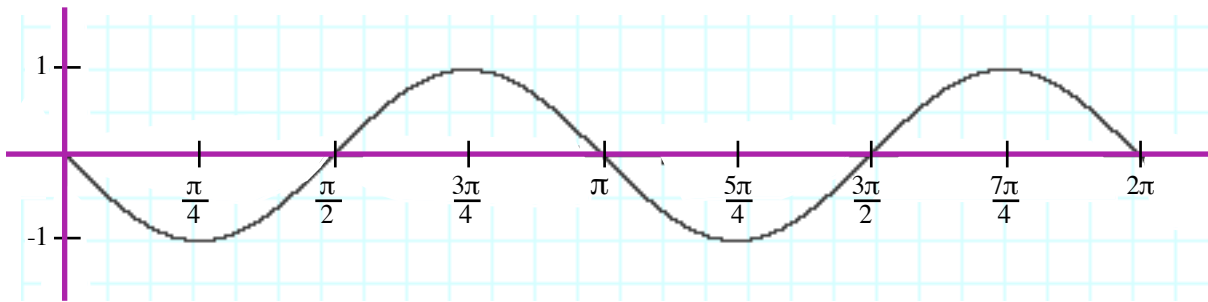
2. $f(x) = 3\cos(2x)$



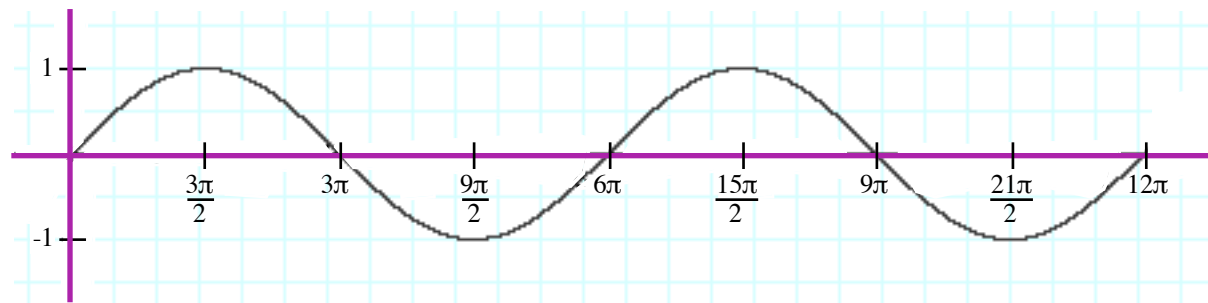
3. $f(x) = -3\cos(4x)$



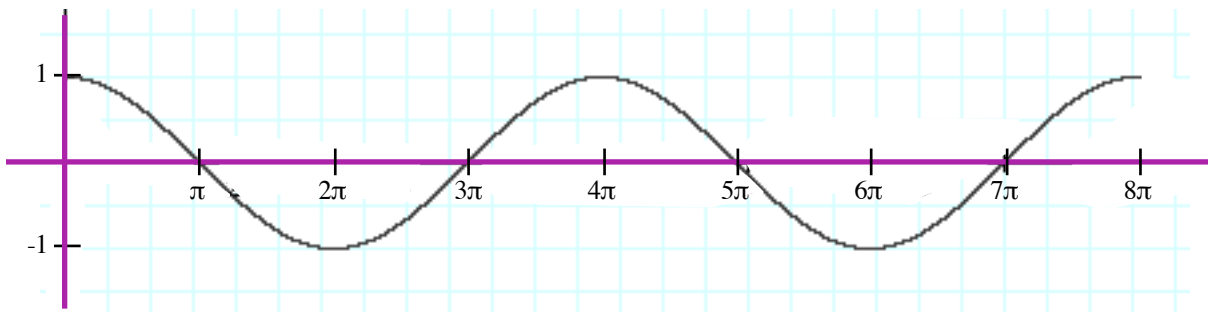
4. $f(x) = -\sin(2x)$



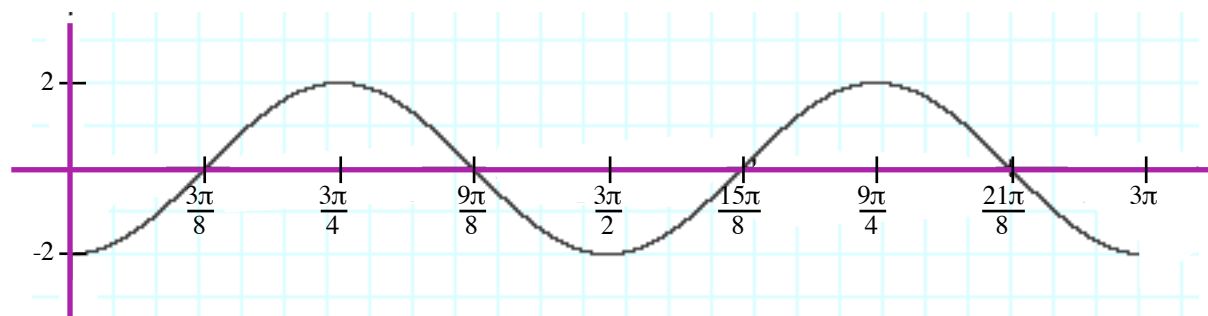
5. $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{3}x\right)$



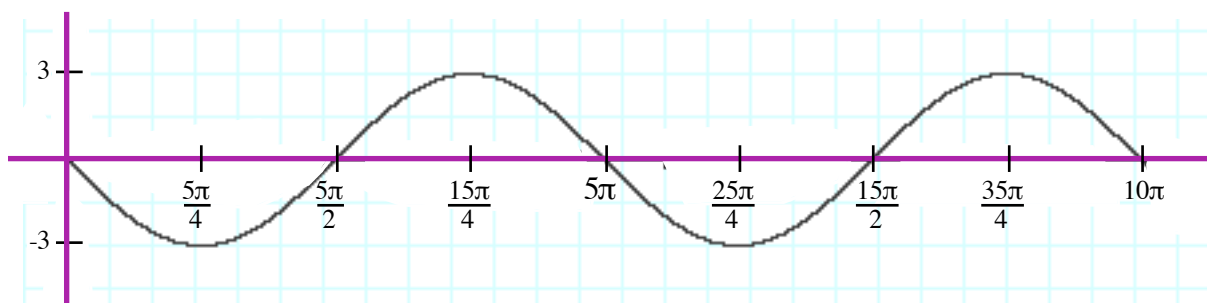
6. $f(x) = \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$



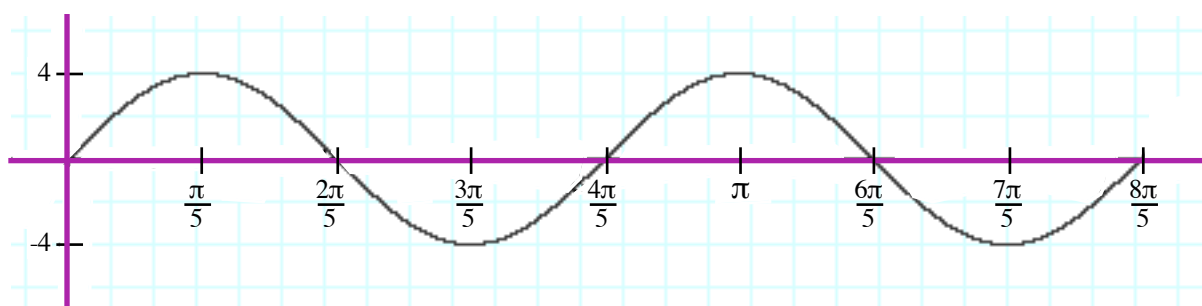
7. $f(x) = -2\cos\left(\frac{4}{3}x\right)$



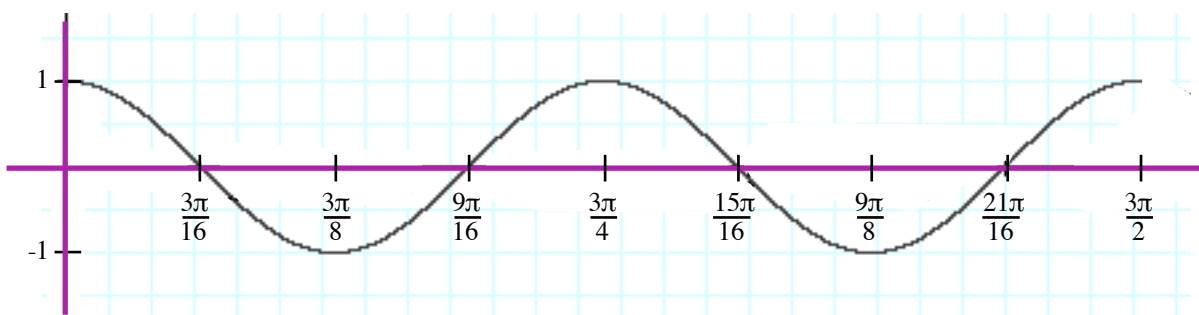
8. $f(x) = -3\sin\left(\frac{2}{5}x\right)$



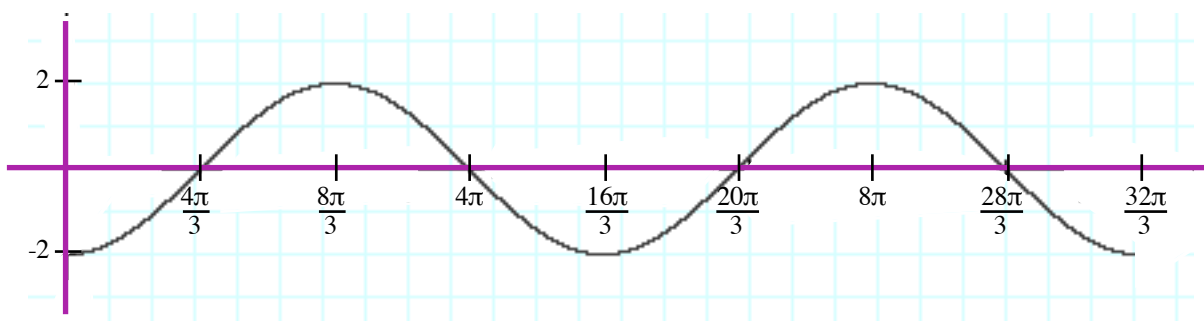
9. $f(x) = 4\sin\left(\frac{5}{2}x\right)$



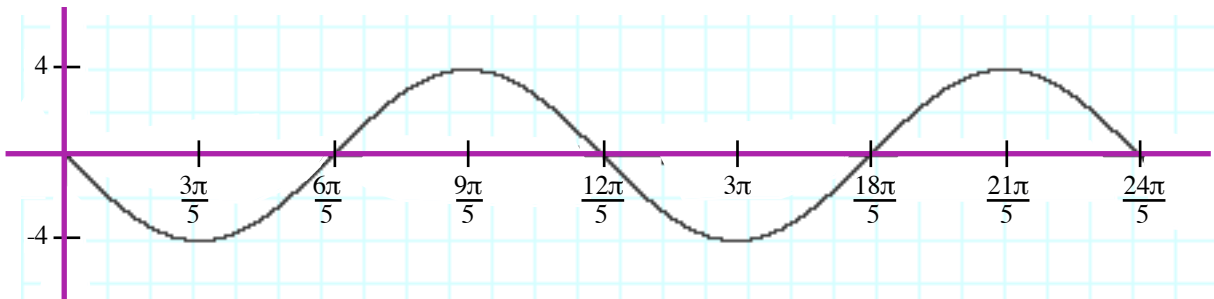
10. $f(x) = 3\cos\left(\frac{8}{3}x\right)$



11. $f(x) = -2\cos\left(\frac{3}{8}x\right)$



12. $f(x) = -4\sin\left(\frac{5}{6}x\right)$



Sec. 4.3 Find the Function (Note: The answers use $f(x)$ instead of y .)

1. $f(x) = 4\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$

2. $f(x) = \sin(2x)$

3. $f(x) = 5\sin(3x)$

4. $f(x) = 2\cos\left(\frac{8}{3}x\right)$

5. $f(x) = -3\sin\left(\frac{16}{5}x\right)$

6. $f(x) = -\frac{5}{3}\cos(12x)$

7. $f(x) = 2\cos\left(\frac{4}{3}x\right)$

8. $f(x) = 5\sin\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right)$

9. $f(x) = -\frac{5}{2}\cos(4x)$

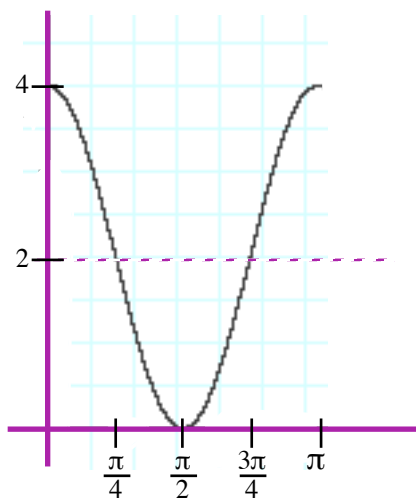
10. $f(x) = -3\sin(6x)$

11. $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{8}{3}x\right)$

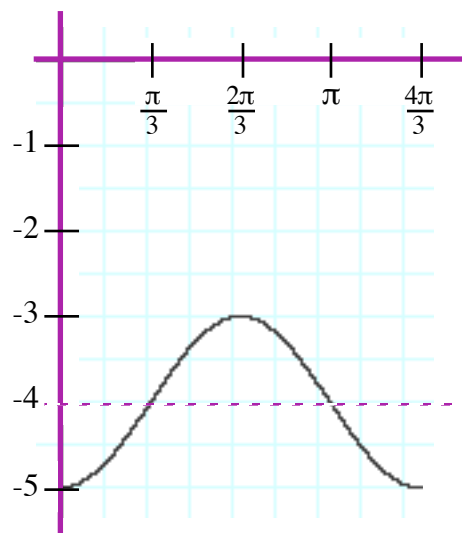
12. $f(x) = \cos\left(\frac{4}{5}x\right)$

Section 4.4 Graphing with Vertical and Horizontal Shifts

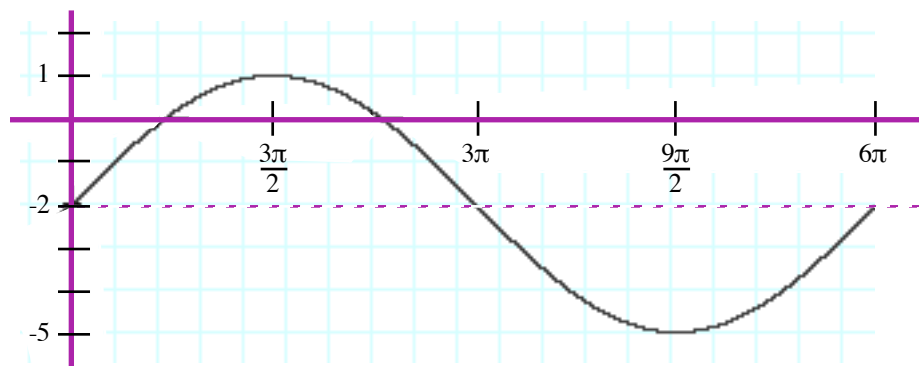
1. $f(x) = 2\cos(2x) + 2$



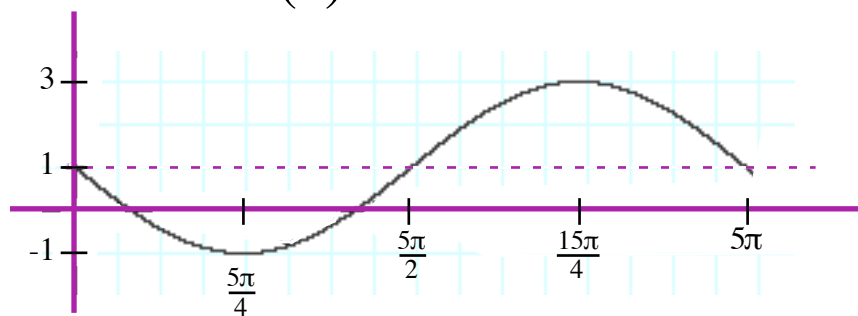
2. $f(x) = -\cos\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) - 4$



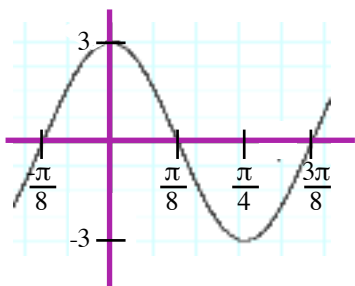
3. $f(x) = -2 + 3\sin\left(\frac{1}{3}x\right)$



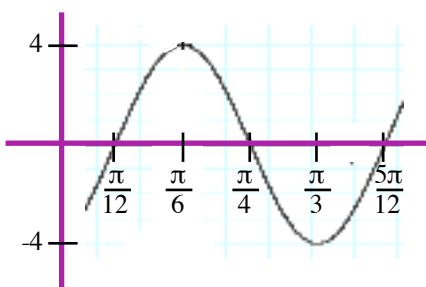
4. $f(x) = 1 - 2\sin\left(\frac{2}{5}x\right)$



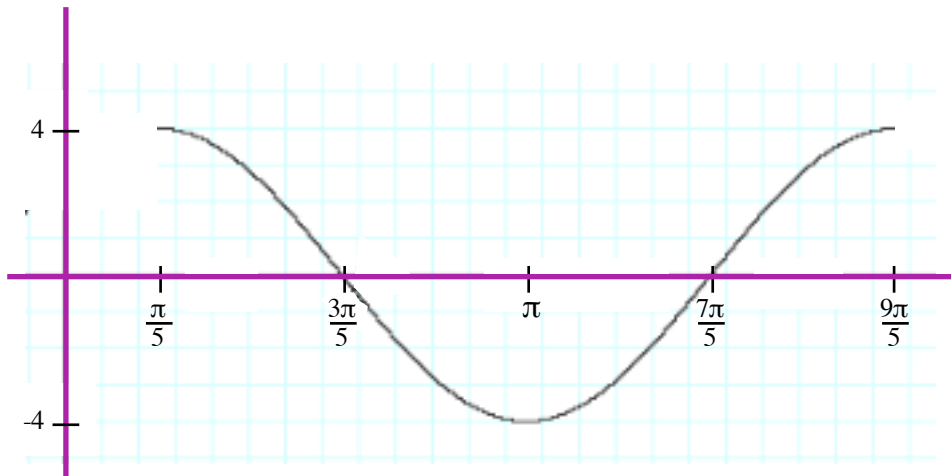
5. $f(x) = 3\sin\left(4x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$



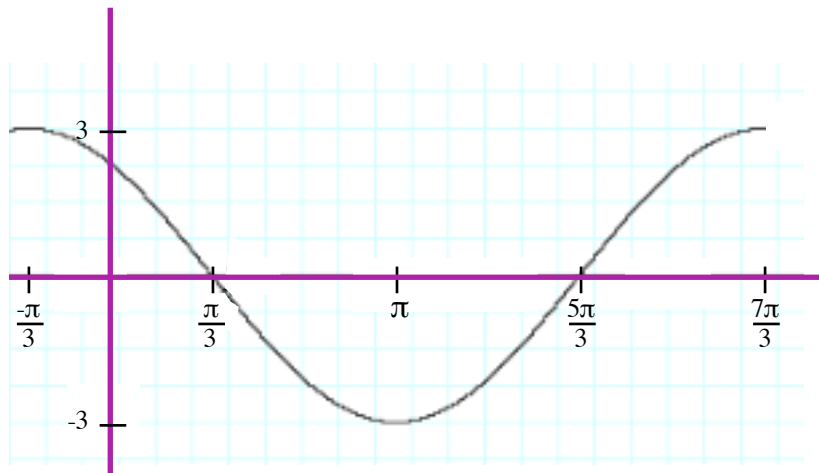
6. $f(x) = 4\sin\left(6x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$



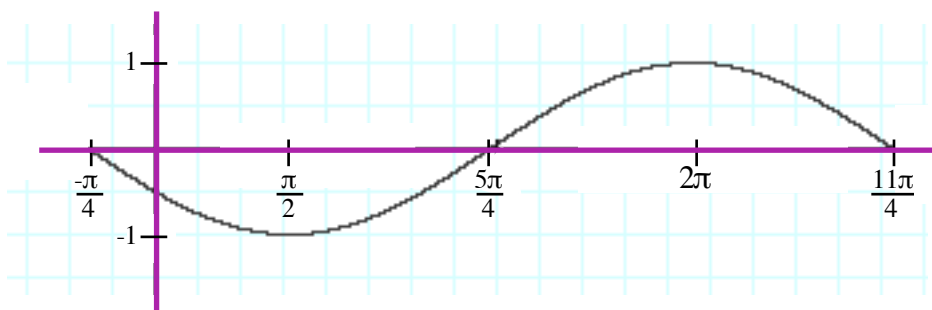
7. $f(x) = 4\cos\left(\frac{5}{4}x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$



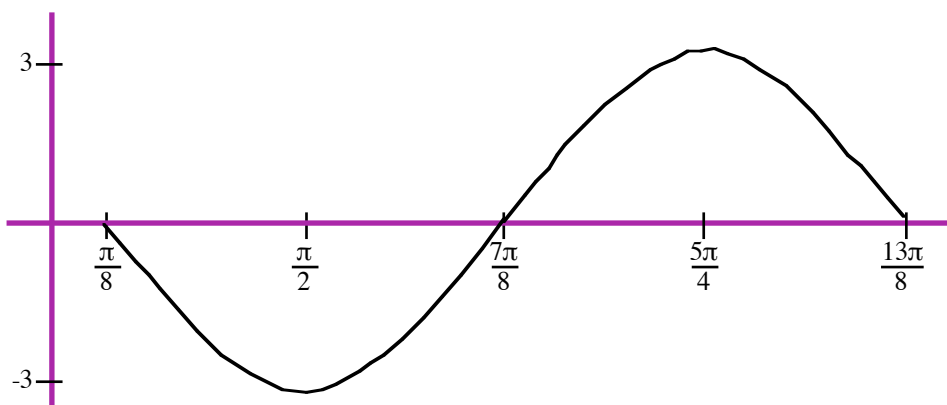
8. $f(x) = 4\cos\left(\frac{5}{4}x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$



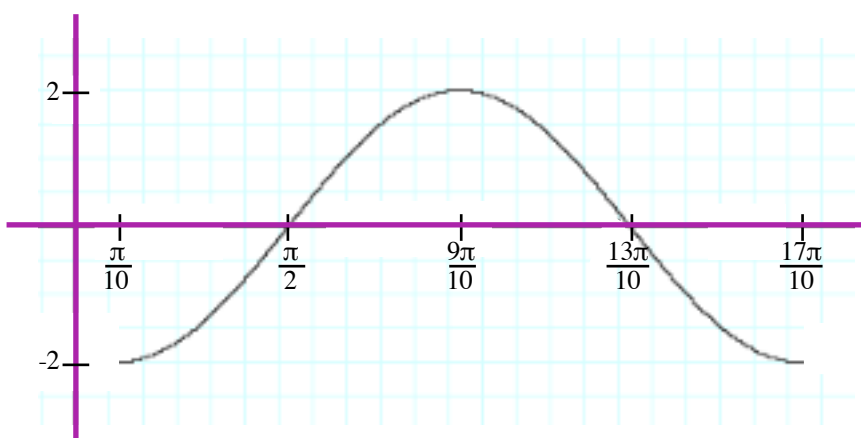
9. $f(x) = -\sin\left(\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$



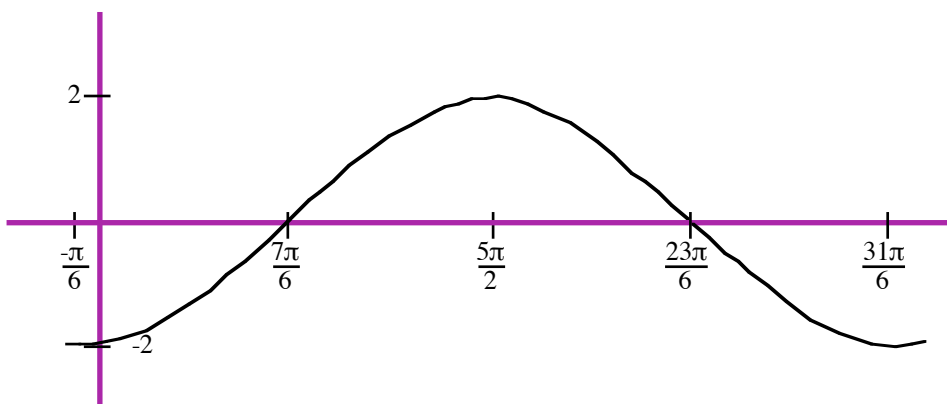
10. $f(x) = -3\sin\left(\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$



11. $f(x) = -2\cos\left(\frac{5}{4}x - \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$



12. $f(x) = -2\cos\left(\frac{3}{8}x + \frac{\pi}{16}\right)$



Sec. 4.5 Find the Function

1. Period = π

2. B = 2

3. $f(x) = 3\cos\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

4. $f(x) = -3\cos\left(2x - \frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$

5. $f(x) = -3\sin\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$

6. $f(x) = 3\sin\left(2x - \frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$

7. Period = 3π

8. B = $\frac{2}{3}$

9. $f(x) = -2\sin\left(\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{\pi}{9}\right)$

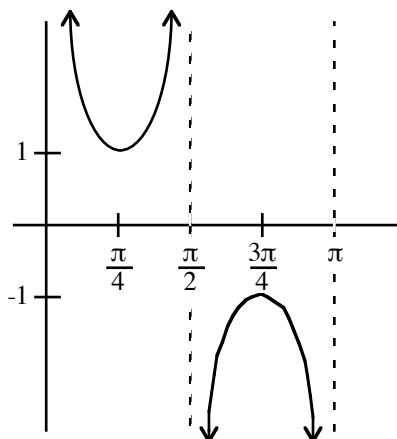
10. $f(x) = 2\sin\left(\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{8\pi}{9}\right)$

11. $f(x) = 2\cos\left(\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{7\pi}{18}\right)$

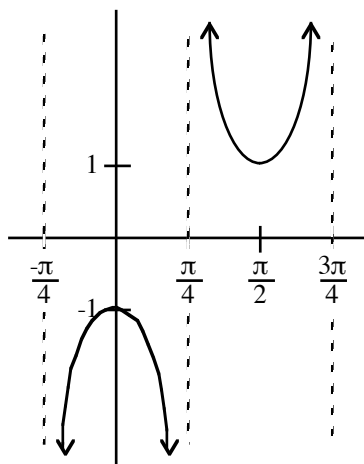
12. $f(x) = -2\cos\left(\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{25\pi}{18}\right)$

Section 4.6 Graphing Secant and Cosecant

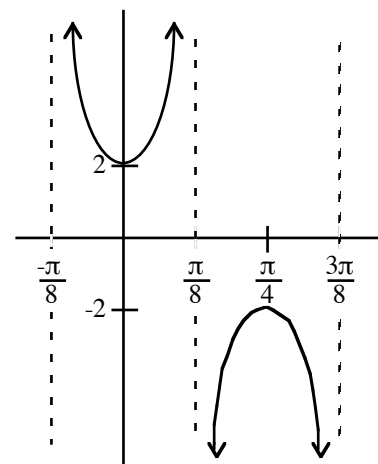
1. $f(x) = \csc(2x)$



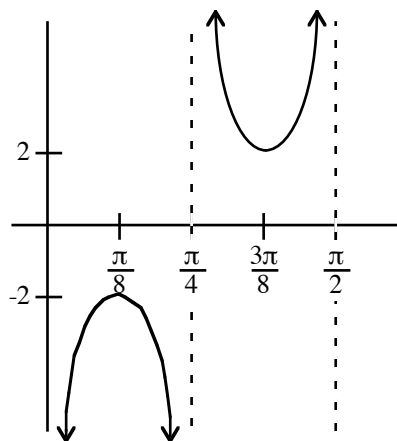
2. $f(x) = -\sec(2x)$



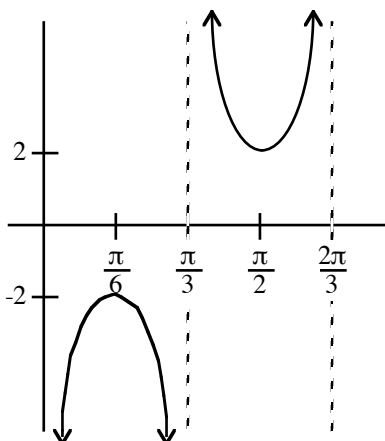
3. $f(x) = 2\sec(4x)$



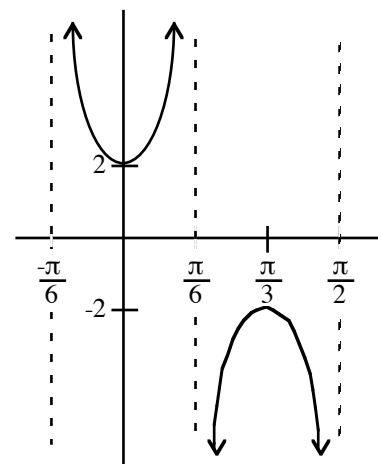
4. $f(x) = -2\csc(4x)$



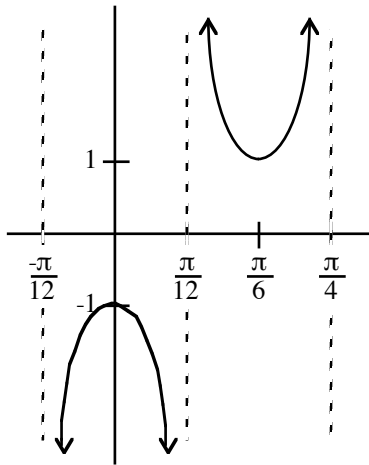
5. $f(x) = -2\csc(3x)$



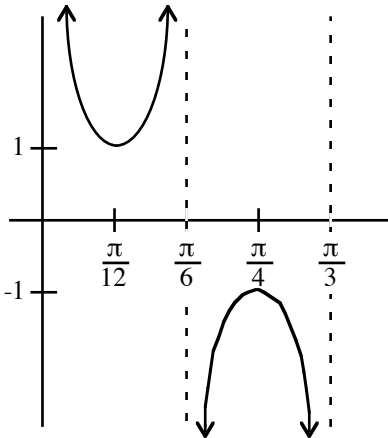
6. $f(x) = 2\sec(3x)$



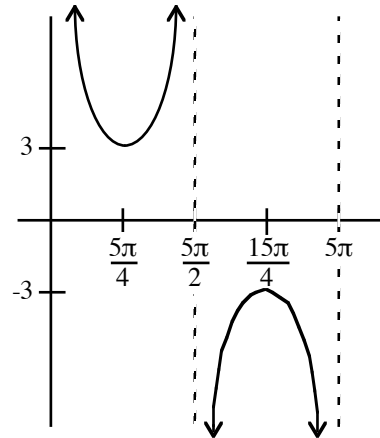
7. $f(x) = -\sec(6x)$



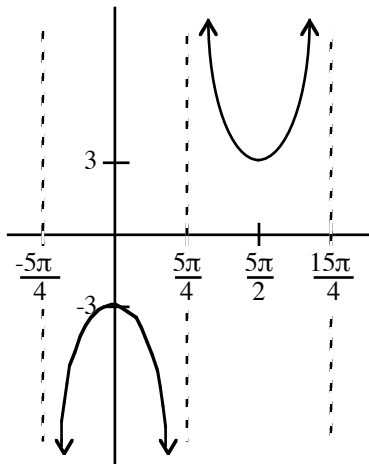
8. $f(x) = \csc(6x)$



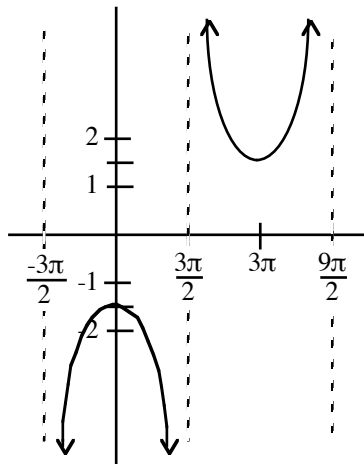
9. $f(x) = 3\csc(\frac{2}{3}x)$



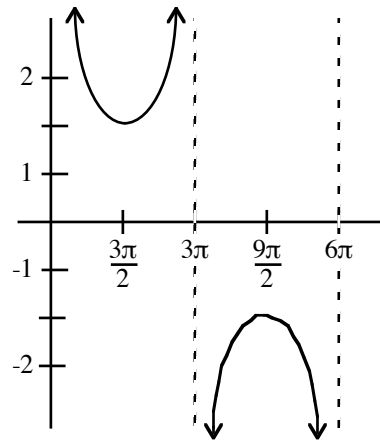
10. $f(x) = -3\sec(\frac{2}{5}x)$



11. $f(x) = -\frac{3}{2}\sec(\frac{1}{3}x)$

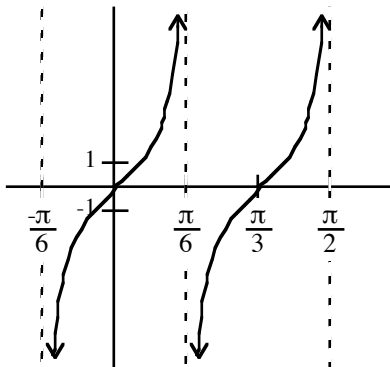


12. $f(x) = \frac{3}{2}\csc(\frac{1}{3}x)$

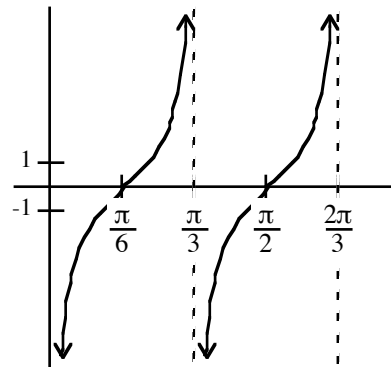


Section 4.7 Graphing Tangent and Cotangent

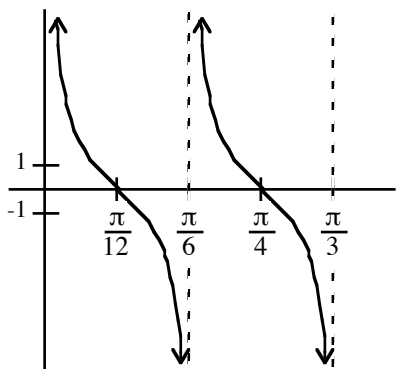
1. $f(x) = \tan(3x)$



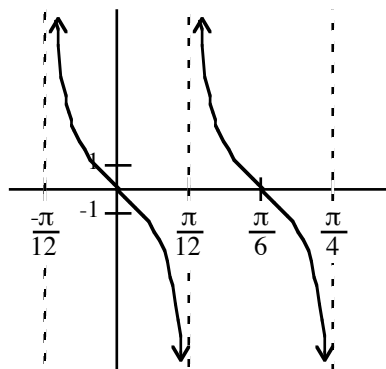
2. $f(x) = -\cot(3x)$



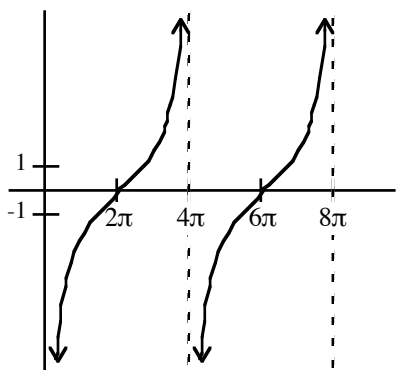
3. $f(x) = \cot(6x)$



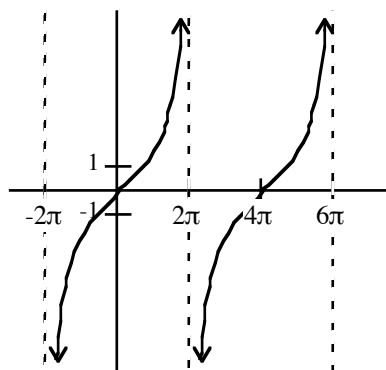
4. $f(x) = -\tan(6x)$



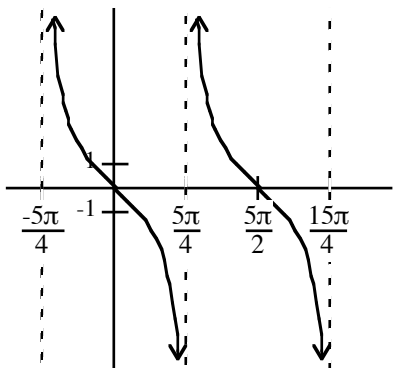
5. $f(x) = -\cot(\frac{1}{4}x)$



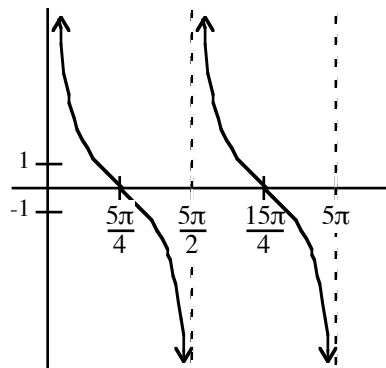
6. $f(x) = \tan(\frac{1}{4}x)$



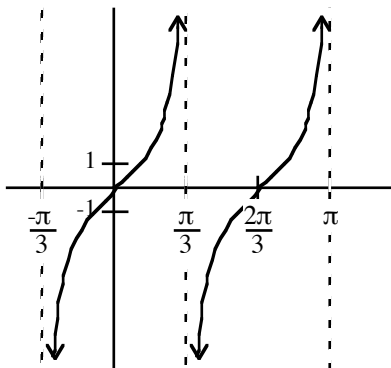
7. $f(x) = -\tan(\frac{2}{5}x)$



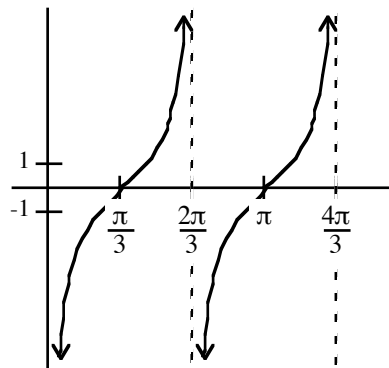
8. $f(x) = \cot(\frac{2}{5}x)$



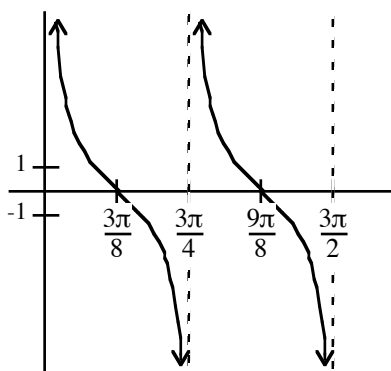
9. $f(x) = \tan\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right)$



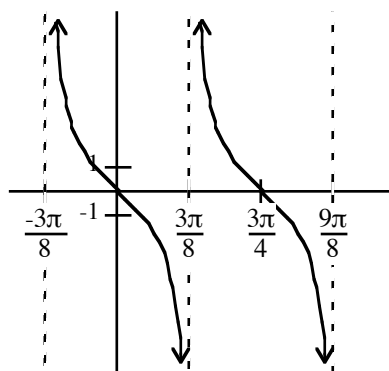
10. $f(x) = -\cot\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right)$



11. $f(x) = \cot\left(\frac{4}{3}x\right)$



12. $f(x) = -\tan\left(\frac{4}{3}x\right)$



Section 4.8 Inverse Trigonometric Functions

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ | 2. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ | 3. $-\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 4. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ |
| 5. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ | 6. $-\frac{\pi}{6}$ | 7. 0 | 8. $\frac{\pi}{3}$ |
| 9. $-\frac{\pi}{6}$ | 10. 0 | 11. $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ | 12. $\frac{\pi}{3}$ |
| 13. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 14. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ | 15. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 16. $-\frac{\pi}{4}$ |
| 17. $\frac{\pi}{6}$ | 18. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 19. π | 20. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ |
| 21. $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ | 22. $-\frac{\pi}{2}$ | 23. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | 24. $\frac{\pi}{3}$ |
| 25. 0 | 26. $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ | 27. $-\frac{\pi}{6}$ | 28. $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ |
| 29. $\frac{\pi}{3}$ | 30. π | 31. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ | 32. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ |
| 33. $-\frac{\pi}{2}$ | 34. $-\frac{\pi}{4}$ | 35. 0 | 36. $\frac{\pi}{3}$ |