

**Test 2 (Ch. 3 & 4) Pretest**

**1.** Evaluate each.

a)  $\sin(150^\circ)$

b)  $\cos(270^\circ)$

c)  $\csc(90^\circ)$

d)  $\cot(180^\circ)$

e)  $\tan(495^\circ)$

f)  $\sec(600^\circ)$

g)  $\cos(-240^\circ)$

h)  $\tan(-120^\circ)$

i)  $\sec(90^\circ)$

j)  $\tan(180^\circ)$

k)  $\cos(150^\circ)$

l)  $\sin(270^\circ)$

m)  $\sin(-315^\circ)$

n)  $\cot(-150^\circ)$

o)  $\sec(510^\circ)$

p)  $\csc(585^\circ)$

**2.** Evaluate each.

a)  $\csc\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$

b)  $\tan\left(-\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)$

c)  $\cot\left(\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$

d)  $\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right)$

e)  $\csc(5\pi)$

f)  $\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{2}\right)$

g)  $\cot\left(-\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)$

h)  $\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$

i)  $\tan\left(\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$

j)  $\sec\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right)$

k)  $\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$

l)  $\cot\left(-\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)$

m)  $\sin\left(-\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$

n)  $\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$

o)  $\sec(5\pi)$

p)  $\tan\left(\frac{7\pi}{2}\right)$

3. Use a conversion multiplier to find the radian or degree equivalent.

a)  $200^\circ$

b)  $15^\circ$

c)  $72^\circ$

d)  $27^\circ$

e)  $\frac{7\pi}{9}$

f)  $\frac{3\pi}{20}$

g)  $\frac{11\pi}{30}$

h)  $\frac{13\pi}{12}$

4. For each, based on the given information, find the value(s) of  $\theta$ ,  $0^\circ \leq \theta < 360^\circ$ .

a)  $\sin\theta = -\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\theta$  in QIV

b)  $\cos\theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ,  $\theta$  in QIV

c)  $\tan\theta = -1$ ,  $\theta$  in QII

d)  $\csc\theta = -\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$ ,  $\theta$  in QIII

e)  $\cot\theta = -\sqrt{3}$ ,  $\theta$  in QIV

f)  $\sec\theta = -2$ ,  $\theta$  in QII

5. Given the following information, find  $t$ . Note: The restrictions on  $t$  are not necessarily the same for each exercise.

a)  $\tan(t) = 1$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq \pi$

b)  $\cos(t) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ,  $\pi \leq t \leq 2\pi$

c)  $\cot(t) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq t \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}$

d)  $\sec(t) = 1$ ,  $\pi \leq t \leq 2\pi$

e)  $\sin(t) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq t \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}$

f)  $\csc(t) = -2$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq t \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}$

6. Graph **one full period** of each function. Mark each important value along the  $x$ - and  $y$ -axes.

a)  $f(x) = -1 + 2\cos\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right)$

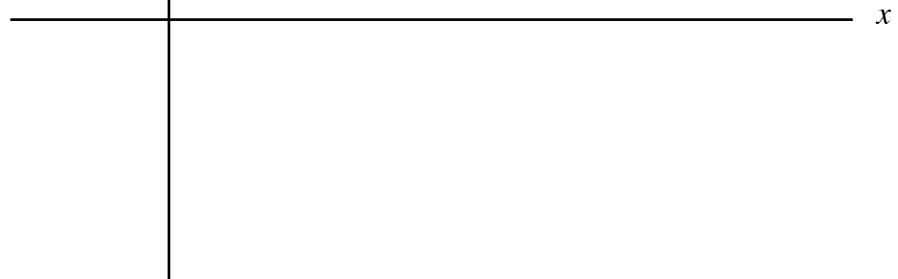
i) Amplitude =

$y$

ii) Reflected?

iii) Frequency =

iv) Period =



v) Vertical shift:

b)  $f(x) = 3\cos\left(\frac{6}{5}x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

i) Guideline graph  $g(x) =$

ii) Horizontal shift:

Ampl: =                  Reflected?

Freq =                  Period =

iii) Use this chart to identify the shifted  $x$ -values and draw the graph.

Feature	Original $x$	Shifted $x$



7. Graph **two full periods** of each function. Mark each important value along the  $x$ - and  $y$ -axes.

a)  $f(x) = -2\cos\left(\frac{4}{5}x\right)$

a) Ampl:



b)  $f(x) = -2\sin\left(\frac{2}{3}x\right)$

a) Ampl:



c)  $f(x) = 3\csc\left(\frac{6}{5}x\right)$

For the guideline graph:

$g(x) =$

a) Ampl:



b) Refl:

c) Freq:

d) Per:

8. Graph **two full branches** of each function.

a)  $f(x) = -\tan(3x)$

For the guideline graph:

$g(x) =$

- a) Reflected?
- b) Freq:
- c) Per:
- d) What is the period of  $f(x)$ ?

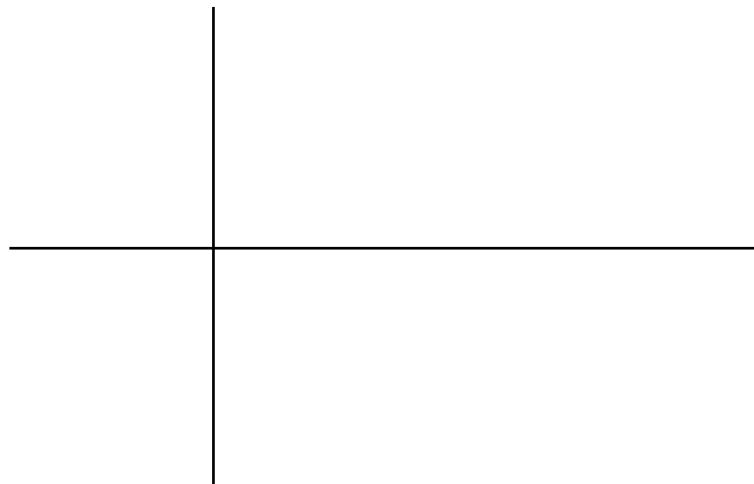


b)  $f(x) = \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$

For the guideline graph:

$g(x) =$

- a) Reflected?
- b) Freq:
- c) Per:
- d) What is the period of  $f(x)$ ?



**9.** Evaluate each. (Write each answer in radians.)

a)  $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3})$

b)  $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$

c)  $\tan^{-1}(-1)$

d)  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

e)  $\arccos\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

f)  $\arccos\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$

g)  $\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$

h)  $\sin^{-1}(-1)$

i)  $\sin^{-1}(0)$

j)  $\cos^{-1}(0)$

k)  $\cos^{-1}(-1)$

l)  $\arctan(0)$

**10.** Given  $f(t) = -3\cos(2t)$ , find

a)  $f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

b)  $f\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$

c)  $f\left(\frac{5\pi}{8}\right)$

d)  $f\left(\frac{11\pi}{12}\right)$

**11.** Given  $f(t) = \csc\left(t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  find

a)  $f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

b)  $f\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$

c)  $f\left(\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$

d)  $f\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right)$